

Destruction of Coal Boats—\$55,000 worth of Coal Sunk—Several Lives Lost.—Sunday night was cold and stormy

The steamer *coal boats* exposed on the river during the night encountered a severe gale, a tempestuous storm of rain and sleet.

The steamer *Allegheny*, from Pittsburgh, at the commencement of the storm, took refuge at the wharf at Mayville, and by the fury of the elements in danger of being blown from her moorings, but fortunately weathered the storm. The *Allegheny* was the only steamer that was not swamped and the crew escaped with their lives by means of the skiffs to the Allegheny.

Capt. Smith, of the steamer *Isaac Eric*, towing down his barges loaded with coal, took one of them containing a family of five, while attempting to reach the shore, the storm Sunday night, 90 miles above the city. The steamer was blown from the river and the crew were all saved.

The woodmen men reported that a pair of coal boats had been swamped and sunk near Warsaw, on which there had been twelve persons on board. The boats were blown down the river and the crew were all saved. Soon after another steamer was blown down the river and the crew were all saved. In a sinking condition, the crew of which were crying for help.

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PHRENET AT GARDENERS, ULSTER COUNTY. We have the following account of a flood in Saginaw Creek:

"The rain of Wednesday and Thursday raised the creek so that the ice went out on Thursday evening. It was found to be five to six inches deep. The water was so high that it

It rained up near the steamboat wharf, which raised the water so that it overwashed the dock at the iron mill, covering it with ice and filling the different buildings to the depth of six or eight feet. It was probable that the water would have been even higher had it not been determined until the ice is removed, which now fills the buildings and covers the machinery. The whole premises, in and out and in a large field of ice. A great number of men are now employed in removing it, which will probably be completed in a few days. The rise of water must have been from ten to fifteen feet.

"At the paper mill it broke in at the windows and filled the finishing room, damaging them about \$100. Fortunately an invoice of paper, worth \$7,000 or \$8,000, had been shipped across a river. The water was so high that the mill was much damaged, and partly taken away. The dock where the K. L. Stevens lands was covered with ice, and there were considerable amounts of lumber and other goods floating in the water. The damping of the ice above saved it. On the other side of the creek a sloop, belonging to Capt. Field, was raised from the water upon the dock, and her stern driven through a store house. The house of Mr. E. Lewis, who lives on the other side of the creek, was also damaged. The store house of Wm. B. Dubois was swept away, and the barrels with which it was filled were carried off and lay scattered upon

the faintest wisp of the light-house. Floor in store was damaged, and other articles to a considerable extent. The vessel was towed to the light-house. Those who witnessed the passage of the iceberg said that the sight was sublime beyond description. The ice to the light-house is broken up."

Corps from Nov. 27, 1853; James H. Jones, to be a First Lieutenant in the Marine Corps from Nov. 27, 1853; John P. Reynolds, to be a First Lieutenant in the Marine Corps from Nov. 27, 1853; Adam W. Baker, to be a Second Lieutenant in the Marine Corps from Sept. 1, 1853; John Payne, to be a Second Lieutenant in the Marine Corps from Dec. 2, 1853.

(Washington Star, Jan. 25, 1854.)

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His instructions to those now found upon him. At the expiration of that sentence he came out into the community and immediately recommenced his criminal career. He then proceeded to sentence Williams to imprisonment for seven years for stealing various valuables tools and other articles worth \$700.00. Williams was sentenced to work breaking, with three days solitary of each sentence. Williams, who expected a much lighter sentence, was affected even to tears.

[Boston Traveller, Feb.,

DARING ROBERT AT LEXINGTON, KY.—On Thursday night last, which will be remembered as one of the most stormy and boisterous we have had for months, Col. Caldwell J. Sanders, who resides in the suburbs of the city, was called from his bed between midnight and one o'clock by a knock at his office door, which he down in the city, was on fire. No time being lost, he hurriedly dressed himself in his night gown, and suspecting for a moment that any foul play was intended against the Colonel dressed himself as quickly as possible and left his residence for his office. When he had proceeded about a hundred yards he was thrown down by a rope stretched across the street, which he saw was fastened to the iron pillars of the sidewalk, and many valuable papers. The robbers, of whom he supposed there were three, then made their escape. The circumstances of this daring crime are so clearly stated by Col. Sanders in an advertisement in our paper, that it needs no further details. It may be said, however, that the Colonel drew this money from his trunk the day before with the intention of leaving for Frankfort and Louisville the next morning; and it is supposed that this fact was known to the persons who perpetrated the robbery.

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The pocket book and its contents and

DEATH OF AN EX-MEMBER OF CONGRESS.—Hon. Geo. F. DUNN, formerly a Representative in Congress from Indiana, died at Newburg, Louisiana, on the 14th inst., in the 56th year of his age. [Lexington Observer, 29d.]